

REC'D PERS/PTO 16 DEC 2004

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

**(19) World Intellectual Property
Organization
International Bureau**



(43) International Publication Date
31 December 2003 (31.12.2003)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2004/001958 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: H03F 1/02
(21) International Application Number: PCT/SE2003/001068

(22) International Filing Date: 19 June 2003 (19.06.2003)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
0201908-1 19 June 2002 (19.06.2002) SE

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON (publ)
[SE/SE]; S-126 25 Stockholm (SE).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) **Inventor/Applicant (for US only): HELLBERG, Richard [SE/SE]; Forellvägen 14, 3tr, S-141 47 Huddinge (SE).**

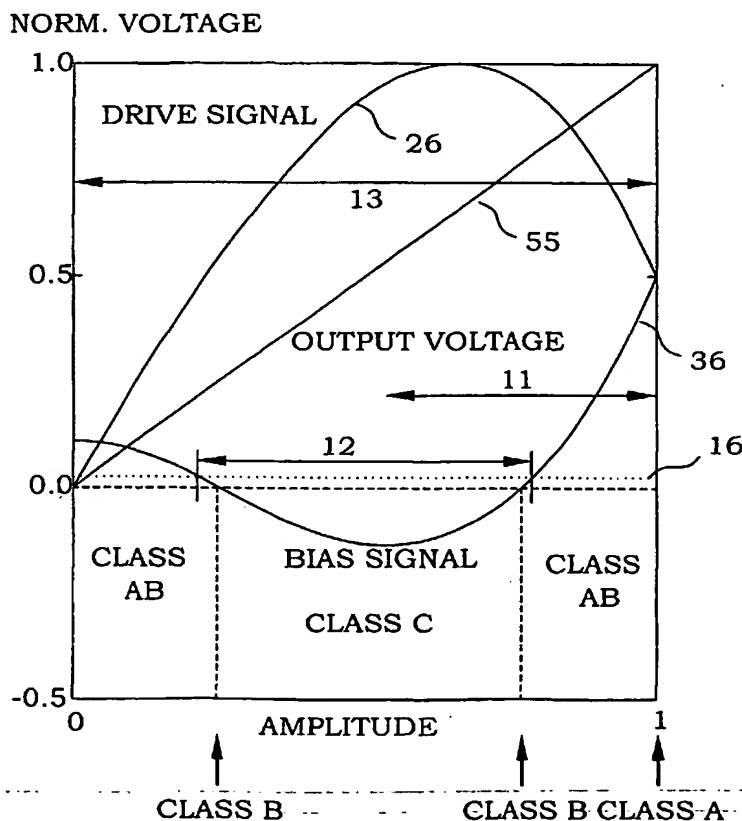
(74) Agent: AROS PATENT AB; P.O. Box 1544, S-751 45 Uppsala (SE).

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT (utility model), AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ (utility model), CZ, DE (utility model), DE, DK (utility model), DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE (utility model), EE, ES, FI (utility model), FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK (utility model), SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO,

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: EFFICIENT GENERATION OF RADIO FREQUENCY CURRENTS



(57) Abstract: In the present invention, pre-distortion of drive signal (26) and generation of bias signal (36) to a power amplifier are both controlled dependent on an instantaneous size of the input signal, for producing a predetermined gain characteristics. Preferably, the bias signal (36) is kept low in amplitude ranges having a high probability to occur, thus giving a high efficiency, and is allowed to increase towards higher amplitudes, preferably all the way to the maximum amplitude. The pre-distorted drive signal (26) is preferably higher than the input signal in the high-efficiency ranges. Preferably, the drive signal (26) is predominantly composed of low-order components. In cases where signal paths of bias signal (36) and drive signal (26) differs significantly, inverse filtering is applied to ensure the simultaneousness at the input of the amplitude element.